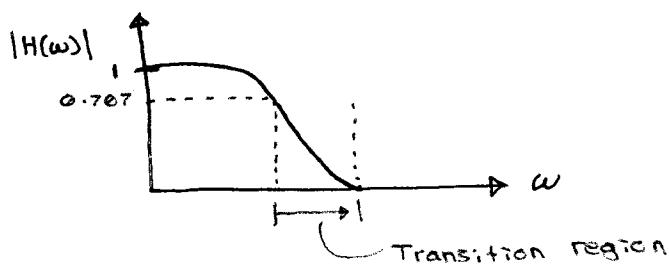


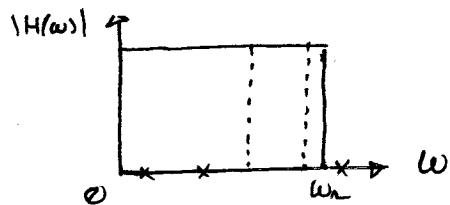
1

Nov. 4 (19)

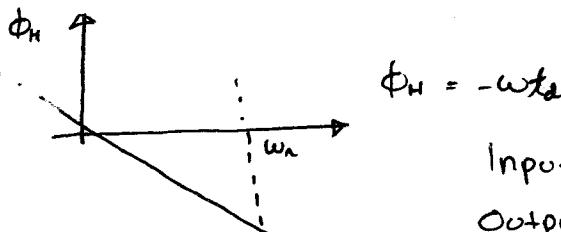


Def'n of passband of a lowpass filter.

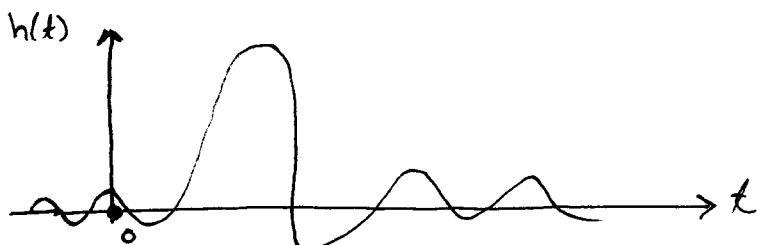
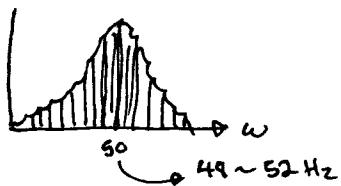
Ideal Filter (LPF)



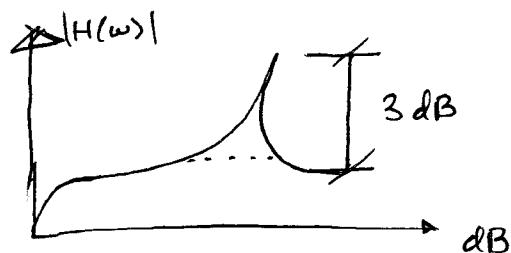
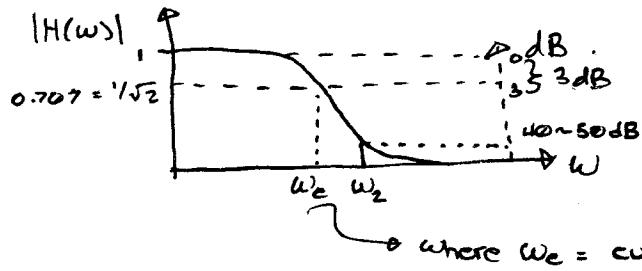
Freq. domain
time domain

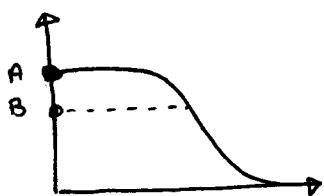


Input : $x(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t)$
 Output : $y(t) = A |H(\omega)| \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi_H)$



no initial energy





$$3 \text{ dB} = 20 \log_{10}(A/B)$$

$$B = A/\sqrt{2}$$

(or $B = 0.707A$)

(2) Butterworth Filter

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

where ζ = damping ratio (internal impedance)

$$s = i\omega$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{-\omega^2 + i2\zeta\omega_n\omega + \omega_n^2}$$

Let $\omega_n = 1$

Poles : $-\omega_n/\sqrt{2} + i\omega_n/\sqrt{2}$
 Zeros : none

$$\begin{aligned} H(\omega) &= \frac{\omega_n^2 []}{[(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2) + i(2\zeta\omega_n\omega)] [(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2) - i\omega]} \\ &= \text{Re} + i\text{Im} \\ |H(\omega)| &= \sqrt{\text{Re}^2 + \text{Im}^2} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta^2\omega_n^2\omega^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\zeta = 0 \approx 1$$

$$\zeta = 1/\sqrt{2} = 0.707 \approx 0.7$$

\Rightarrow PB Maximal flat

(Butterworth) BW

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{(\omega^2 - \omega_n^2)^2 + 4\zeta^2\omega_n^2\omega^2}}$$

$$= \frac{\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{(\omega^2 - \omega_n^2)^2 + 2\omega_n^2\omega^2}}$$

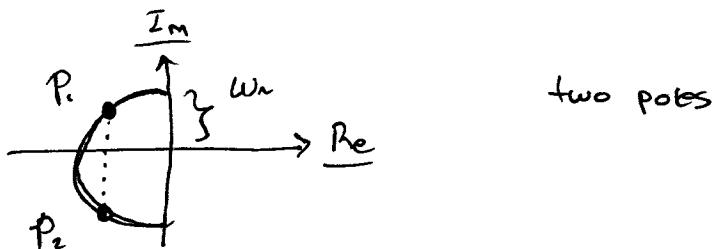
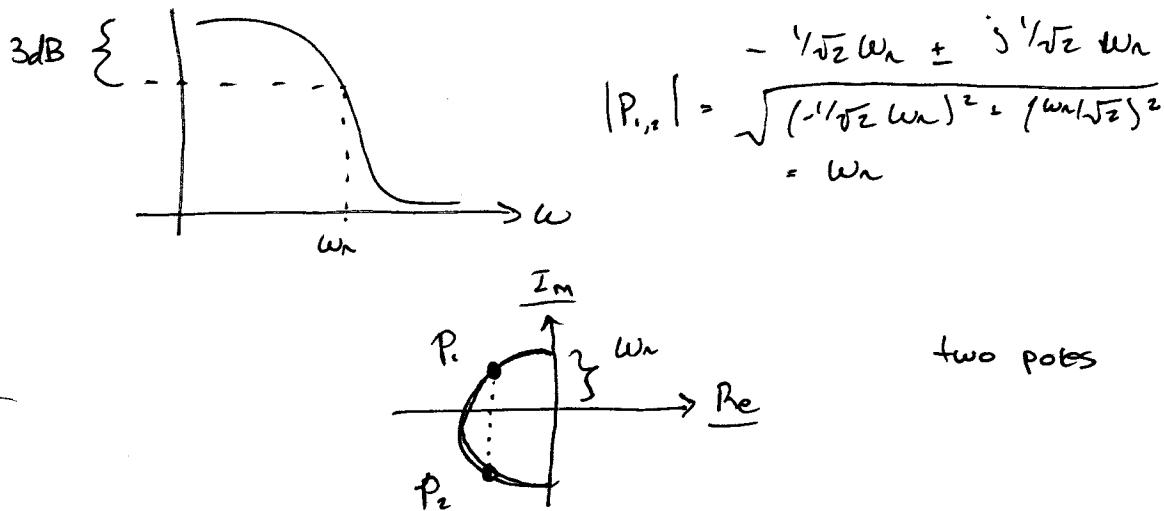
$$\rightarrow |H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(\omega^2 - \omega_n^2)^2}{\omega_n^4} + \frac{2\omega_n^2\omega^2}{\omega_n^4}}}$$

then $|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega/\omega_n)^4}}$

If $\omega = \omega_n$

$$|H(\omega)| = 1/\sqrt{2} \sim 3 \text{ dB}$$

ω_n = cutoff freq. of LP BW filter



B.W. Filters

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

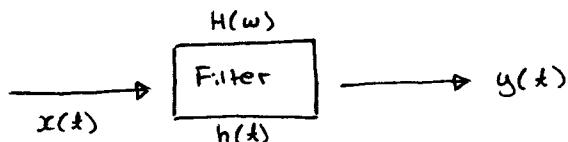
$$P_{1,2} = \frac{-\omega_n}{\sqrt{2}} \pm i \frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$s = j\omega$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta^2\omega_n^2\omega^2}}$$

$$\omega = 0 \rightarrow 10\omega_n$$

ζ = damping ratio



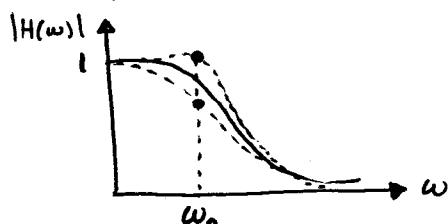
$$A \cos(\omega_0 t)$$

$$y(t) = A |H(\omega)| \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi_H)$$

$$\zeta = (1/\sqrt{2}) \approx 0.7$$

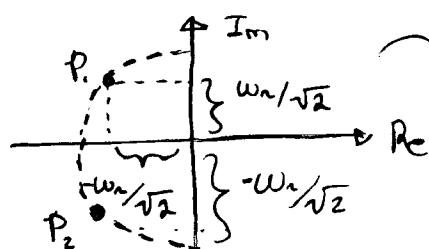
P.B. \sim maximal flat

Butterworth



$$|P_1| = \sqrt{(-\omega_n/\sqrt{2})^2 + (\omega_n/\sqrt{2})^2} = \omega_n$$

$$|P_2| = \sqrt{(\omega_n/\sqrt{2})^2 + (-\omega_n/\sqrt{2})^2} = \omega_n$$



semi circle w/ radius ω_n

If $\gamma = 1/\sqrt{2}$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 2\omega_n^2\omega^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega/\omega_n)^4}}$$

If $\omega = \omega_n$

$$|H(\omega)| = 1/\sqrt{2}, \quad \omega_n = \text{cutoff freq.}$$

3) N^{th} order BW filters

3rd order BW:

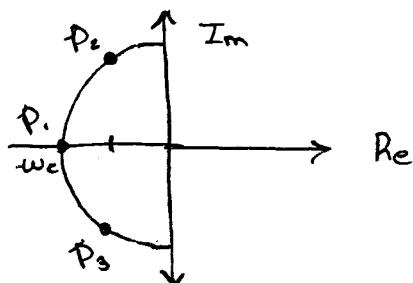
$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_c^3}{(s + \omega_c)(s^2 + \omega_c s + \omega_c^2)}$$

No zeroes

$$P_1 = -\omega_c$$

$$P_{2,3} = -\omega_c/2 \pm j\sqrt{3}/2 \omega_c$$

$$|P_2| = \sqrt{(-\omega_c/2)^2 + (\sqrt{3}/2 \omega_c)^2} = \omega_c$$



$$s = j\omega$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega/\omega_n)^{2 \times 3}}}$$

N -pole BW Filter

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega/\omega_n)^{2N}}}$$

ω_n = cutoff freq.

MATLAB:

$\omega_n = 1$ rad/s

`buttap()`

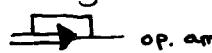
→ Running BW - 1

$$a = [1 \quad 1.4142 \quad 1]$$

$$b = [0 \quad 0 \quad 1]$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\theta s^2 + \theta s + 1}{s^2 + 1.4142 s + 1}$$

$H = \text{gain}$



op. amp

* Assignment 4 due next Tuesday (Nov. 12)

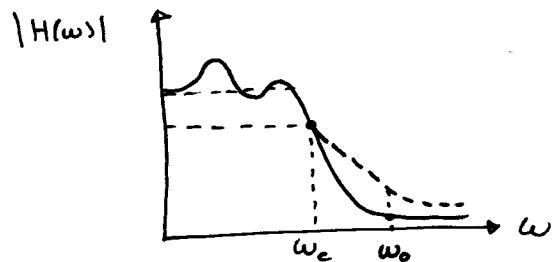
④ Chebyshev Filters

BW : monotonic fn
transition band is wide

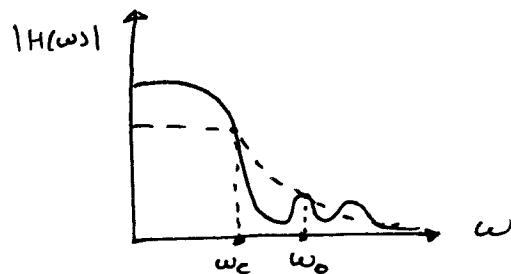
CV : ~ not monotonic
narrow transition

CV - type I filter

CV - 1



CV - 2



N-Pole CV - 1

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \xi^2 T_N(\omega/\omega_i)}}$$

$$T_N(x) = 2x T_{N-1} - T_{N-2}(x)$$

$$T_0 = 1, T_1(x) = x$$

$$T_2 = 2x T_1 - T_0$$

$$= 2x^2 - 1 \quad \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned}T_3 &= 2xT_2 - T_1 \\&= 2x(2x^2 - 1) - x = 4x^3 - 3x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}T_4 &= 2xT_3 - T_2 \\&= 2x(4x^3 - 3x) - (2x^2 - 1) \\&= 8x^4 - 8x^2 + 1\end{aligned}$$

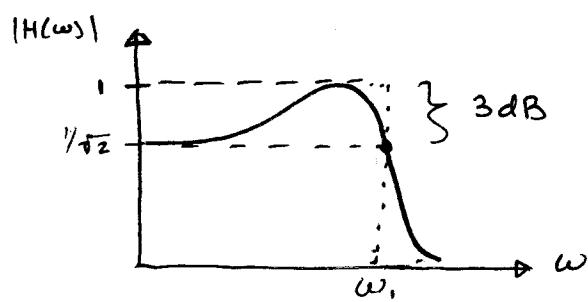
$N = 2$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon^2 T^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon^2 [2(\omega/\omega_c)^2 - 1]^2}}$$

$$\omega = 0 \approx \omega_c$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon^2}} & : \omega = 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon^2}} & : \omega = \omega_c \\ 1 & : \text{if } (\omega/\omega_c)^2 = 1/2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{if } \epsilon = 1 & \text{if } \omega = \omega_c \\ \text{if } \omega = 0, & |H(\omega)| = 1/\sqrt{2} \\ \text{if } \omega = \omega_c, & |H(\omega)| = 1/\sqrt{2} \end{array}$$



$\omega_c = \text{cutoff freq.}$

(1)

Nov. 7/19

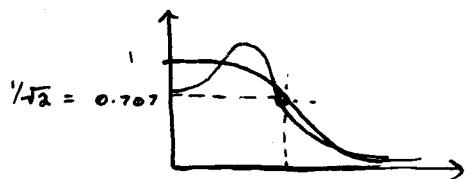
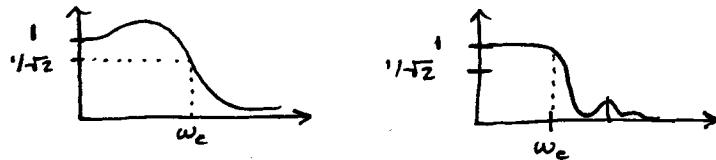
Lab on Monday:
(Monday @ 10:30)

Given 3 vectors

healthy bearing (f_n)
outer raceway damage (f_{od})
inner raceway damage (f_{id})

- FFT (amplitude) → windowing function (hanning, hamming)
- Kurtosis
- characteristic Freq. (f_n)

4) CV Filter

 $\text{CV-1} \sim$ ripples in the pass band $\text{CV-2} \sim$ ripples in the stop band

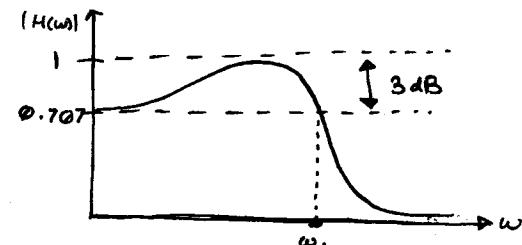
$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + E^2 T_N^2 (\omega/\omega_0)^2}}$$

$$T_0 = 1, \quad T_1 = x$$

$$N = 2$$

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + E^2 [2(\omega/\omega_0)^2 - 1]^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |H(\omega)| &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & ; \quad \omega = 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & ; \quad \omega = \omega_0 \\ &= 1 & ; \quad 2(\omega/\omega_0)^2 - 1 = \pm 1 \end{aligned}$$



If $E = 1$; 3 dB ripple in pass band.

$$H(s) = \frac{0.251 \omega_0 s}{s^3 + 0.594 \omega_0 s^2 + 0.928 \omega_0^2 s + 0.251 \omega_0^3}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{(s - z_1)}{(s - p_1)(s - p_2)(s - p_3)}$$

LP $\omega_c = 1 \text{ rad/s}$

5) Freq. transformation

LP, (BW, CV $\approx 3\text{dB}$)

with $H(s)$, and cutoff frequency ω_1 .

→ LP with cutoff

freq. of ω_2

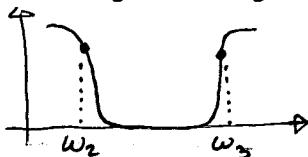
$$(5\omega_1/\omega_2)$$



→ BS with SB

$$\omega_2 - \omega_3$$

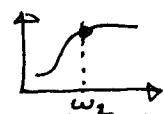
$$\omega_1 \frac{s(\omega_3 - \omega_2)}{s^2 + \omega_2 \omega_3}$$



HP with cutoff

freq. of ω_2

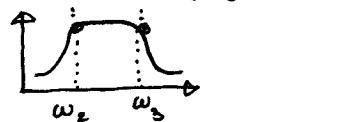
$$(\omega_1 \omega_2 / s)$$



BP with BP

of $\omega_2 \sim \omega_3$

$$\omega_1 \frac{(s^2 + \omega_2 \omega_3)}{s(\omega_3 - \omega_2)}$$



Example 2

3-pole BW Filter

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_c^3}{s^3 + 2\omega_c s^2 + 2\omega_c^2 s + \omega_c^3}$$

ω_c = cutoff freq., $\omega_1 = \omega_c$

BP : $\omega_2 = 3$, $\omega_3 = 5 \text{ rad/s}$

$$s = \omega_c \frac{s^2 + 3 \times 5}{s(5-3)} = \omega_c \left(\frac{s^2 + 15}{2s} \right)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_c^3}{(s \frac{s^2 + 15}{2s})^3 + 2\omega_c (s \frac{s^2 + 15}{2s})^2 + 2\omega_c^2 [s \frac{s^2 + 15}{2s}] + \omega_c^3}$$

$$= \frac{8s}{s^6 + 4s^5 + 53s^4 + 188s^3 + 795s^2 + 900s + 3375}$$

Example 4.2